

# The Gazette of India

## EXTRAORDINARY PART I—Section 1 PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

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Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed  
as a separate compilation

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### MINISTRY OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE

#### PUBLIC NOTICE

#### IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

*New Delhi, the 29th April, 1964*

**SUBJECT**—*Import policy for Newsprint—White printing paper (excluding laid marked paper which contains mechanical wood pulp amounting to not less than 70% of the fibre contents)—S. No. 44/V—for the year April, 1964 March, 1965.*

**No. 35-ITC(PN)/64.**—Attention of the actual users of newsprint is invited to Public Notice No. 28-ITC(PN)/64, dated the 2nd April, 1964, issued by the Ministry of International Trade, in which the import policy for newsprint for 1964-65 was announced.

2. On a review of the position, it has been decided that Note (1) in para. 3(A), para. 3(B) and para. 4 of Annexure I of the Public Notice referred to above will be revised as follows:—

**Note (1) in para. 3(A):**

Where a newspaper/periodical commenced publication after the years mentioned in (i) and (iii) above, or where the page area, average number of pages and average circulation of a newspaper/periodical were revised subsequently, the page area, average number of pages and average circulation to be taken into account will be those on the basis of which a quota was allotted to the newspaper/periodical concerned in 1963-64; but the 20% increase allowed in terms of public Notice No. 132-ITC(PN)/63, dated the 16th October, 1963, to daily newspapers (including their Sunday editions) with average circulation between 10,000 and 50,000 copies will be taken into account as follows:—

- (a) upto full extent of the additional circulation permitted, or actually achieved, whichever is less, in October '63—March '64, in the case of daily newspapers (including their Sunday editions) which had a circulation above 10,000 and upto 25,000 copies in 1961-62; or
- (b) upto 50% of the additional circulation permitted, or actually achieved, whichever is less, in October '63—March '64, in the case of daily newspapers (including their Sunday editions) which had a circulation above 25,000 and below 50,000 copies in 1961-62.

## Para. 3(B):

On the entitlement worked out, in accordance with (A) above, the following cut will be imposed:—

Annual entitlement of newspaper/periodical.

More than 1,000 m. tonnes.

5%, subject to marginal adjustments.

## Para. 4:

Import licences or authorisations for the entitlement worked out in accordance with remark 3 above will be issued in the following manner:—

1	2	3	4	Quantity of imported newsprint		6
				To be licensed from 'free' resources	To be authorised from/licensed against ports	
	Qty. to be allowed in imported newsprint	Qty. to be allowed in indigenous newsprint manufactured by Nepa Mills				

## STANDARD NEWSPRINT

## Total entitlement

(a) Below 100 metric tonnes.	100%	Nil	—	100%	Nil
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(b) 100 metric tonnes or above	70%	30%	Entitlement Vide Col. 2	In case of users of reels.	
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(i) 100 m. tonnes or above.	70%	30%
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(ii) Below 100 metric tonnes.	100%
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In case of users of sheets.

## GLAZED NEWSPRINT

100%	Nil	*100%	Nil
		100%	Nil

\*Subject to such quantity as the Registrar of Newspapers for India may determine being licensed against canalised imports.

## Notes:—

1. Users of sheets having entitlement of 50 metric tonnes, or above, will be given licences for reels for 50% of their requirements. They will have the option to have licences for reels for their full requirement.
2. Standard newsprint licensed from free resources will have to be imported against contracts entered into with specific suppliers in the Scandinavian countries and Canada.
3. Glazed newsprint will be allotted only to those newspapers and periodicals which had been getting licences for it regularly in the past.
4. All allotments will be subject to marginal adjustments.

P. SABANAYAGAM,

Chief Controller of Imports and Exports.